INTRODUTION LETTER TO TECHING MATERIAL REGARDING

ULTRASOUND GUIDED REGIONAL ANAESTHESIA AND ANALGESIA

Competent performance of peripheral nerve blocks for anesthesia and analgesia requires

appropriate specific knowledge, special skills and experience, and a wide range of

communication skills of the performer. Ultrasound-guided regional anesthesia and analgesia

allow the autors to perform direct, dynamic visualization ("in real time") of block performance

either peripheral nerves or nerve plexuses. The use of ultrasound in regional anesthesia and

analgesia allows monitoring of needle passage through tissues, precise positioning of the needle

tip "under eye control" near the target peripheral nerve or nerve plexus with aim to fully

encompass nerve structures with a minimum amount of local anesthetic or other therapeutic

drugs. Ultrasound visualization also ensures the avoidance of specific complications associated

with the performance of blocks by "blind" methods. The growing number of relevant and recent

clinical studies showing that the use of ultrasound during peripheral nerve blockade

significantly increases the effectiveness and safety of regional anesthesia and analgesia, and

often emphasizes the shorter time required to perform blockade, improved patient comfort and

lower cost in comparison with traditional techniques.

Summarizing today's scientific and clinical evidence, the use of ultrasound is the gold

standard in performing blockades of nerves or their entanglements and is an indispensable part

of the interventional procedures in the treatment of acute and chronic pain. This script has a

role to serve as educational material in this area.

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